HAZARD ALERT

CPWR (THE CENTER FOR CONSTRUCTION RESEARCH AND TRAINING

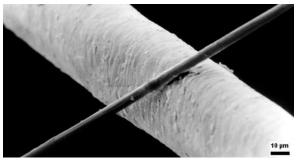
NANOMATERIALS



What are nanomaterials?

There are many kinds of nanomaterials, but they all share a remarkably small size (roughly 100,000 times thinner than a human hair). At this size, they can add new properties to many construction products.

Nanoparticles exist in nature and in man-made combustion sources, but this alert is about manufactured nanomaterials that are added to products. These products are called nano-enabled.



A carbon nanotube laying across a human hair 3Y-SA-3.0/GFDL (ORIGINAL UPLOAD OCT 2004 GERMAN WIKIPEDIA

What are the risks?

Some nanomaterials may be safe, but others have been shown to be toxic in the lab. Of particular concern are

respiratory exposures to long, thin fibers, such as carbon nanotubes (CNTs). Certain types of CNTs cause lung problems in rodents, similar to asbestos. Nanoparticles don't seem to penetrate healthy skin but may get



Multi-walled carbon nanotube penetrating the lung.

through damaged skin. Nanomaterials can be released from nano-enabled products, but the risks are not well understood.

The key is to limit exposure.



If you think you are in danger: Contact your supervisor. Contact your union. Call OSHA 1-800-321-OSHA

Protect yourself

Learn about nanomaterials in your trade

CPWR maintains a website called eLCOSH Nano that features over 450 products that may be nano-enabled.



Construction products that may contain nanomaterials include:

- Coatings Cements
 - Insulation
 - Adhesives > Patching compounds Lubricants



Control dust

NIOSH and CPWR have demonstrated that dust collection systems attached to tools will reduce the number of nanoparticles along with normal dust. Wet methods will work too.



Photo: Worker with full protective gear conducting CPWR test inside a special chamber using a dust collection system

Wear a respirator

Testing shows that nanoparticles do **NOT** get through high efficiency respirator filters. Reduce dust first with a dust collection system or water. If dust levels are still high, use a respirator.



Are nanomaterials regulated?

OSHA does not have a regulation or Permissible Exposure Limit for any specific nanomaterial, but there are many existing OSHA standards, like the respirator standard, that would still apply. NIOSH has set Recommended Exposure Limits for some nanomaterials, including carbon nanotubes and nano-sized titanium dioxide, which employers should follow. EPA has reporting requirements for nanoparticles under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA).

Learn more

- OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1926.103 refers users to 1910.134): https://tinyurl.com/OSHARespiratoryStandard
- OSHA Nanotechnology: http://tinyurl.com/OSHAnano
- NIOSH Nanotechnology: http://tinyurl.com/NIOSHnano
- EPA TSCA Regulations for Nanoscale Materials: http://tinyurl.com/EPAnanoTSCA

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